Study Cards for Unit 1 Due

1. Identify and explain the opposing views of Clemenceau and Wilson at the Paris Peace Conference. How does the Treaty of Versailles reflect these views? Evaluate the outcome of their struggle (that is, did they end up with the right treaty? Did it do what it was supposed to?)

Terms

Treaty of Versailles Idealism vs. Realism War Guilt Clause Woodrow Wilson

2. What is self-determination? Why did Wilson introduce the concept of self-determination at Paris? What were the effects of this policy?

Terms

Nationalism Imperialism 14 Points Self-determination

3. Identify and explain the reasons for the failure of the League of Nations.

Terms

League of Nations Collective Security Economic Sanctions

4. How did the Manchurian Crisis and the Ethiopian Crisis demonstrate the weaknesses of the League of Nations.

Terms

Hoare-Laval Plan

5. Why was France not secure after 1920, and what steps did she take to try and become secure?

<u>Terms</u>

Locarno Pact Kellogg-Briand Pact Washington Conference

6. Identify and explain the conditions that led to revolution in Russia in 1917.

Terms

Bourgeoisie Proletariat Exploitation Dictatorship of the Proletariat Cadet Bolsheviks

Mensheviks October Manifesto Fundamental Laws Duma

Cadet Bolsheviks

7. Why was the provisional government incapable of holding control of Russia? Why were the Bolsheviks successful?

Terms

Provisional Government V.I. Lenin Peace Bread Land April Thesis Soviet Kerensky Kornilov

8. Identify and explain the steps taken by Lenin to establish communist rule in Russia.

Terms

Treaty of Brest-Litovsk War Communism Russian Civil War Reds / Whites Allied Intervention New Economic Policy Comintern Treaty of Rapallo

9. Describe how Stalin transformed the peasant-based Soviet economy into a modern industrial state between 1928 and 1941.

<u>Terms</u>

"Guns or Butter" Command Economy Collectivization Kolkhoz Kulak Five Year Plans Gulags Purges

DOCUMENT 1



A scene from the film, *One Day in the Life of Ivan Denisovich* (1970) showing labour camp prisoners

They sat in a cold mess-hall, most of them eating with their hats on, eating slowly, picking out putrid little fish from under the leaves of boiled black cabbage.

Alexander Solzhenitsyn, One Day in the Life of Ivan Denisovich

DOCUMENT 2

The task of the Five-Year Plan was to...convert the U.S.S.R. from an agrarian and weak country, dependent on the whims of the capitalist countries, into an industrial and powerful country....We did not have an iron and steel industry, now we have one. We did not have an industry for producing modern agricultural machinery, now we have one.

Speech by Stalin (1934)

DOCUMENT 3

Industrial Production in the U.S.S.R. (in millions of tonnes)			
	1928	1933	1937
Coal	35.4	64.3	128
Oil	11.7	21.4	28.5
Pig Iron	3.3	6.2	14.5
Steel	4	5.9	17.7

Heater, Our World This Century (1997)

DOCUMENT 4

Number of farms in the U.S.S.R.			
1928	1938		
24 000 000	250 000		

DOCUMENT 5

To achieve the required growth of industry...extra food would have to be available to support the growing population in the industrial towns, largely made up of peasants moving from the land to form the new labour force.

J.P. Nettl, The Soviet Achievement (1969)

DOCUMENT 6

Stalin mobilized women as well as men...the majority of Russian doctors, nurses and teachers were women, but there were female factory workers and engineers too.

T. Howarth, Twentieth Century History: The World Since 1900 (1979)